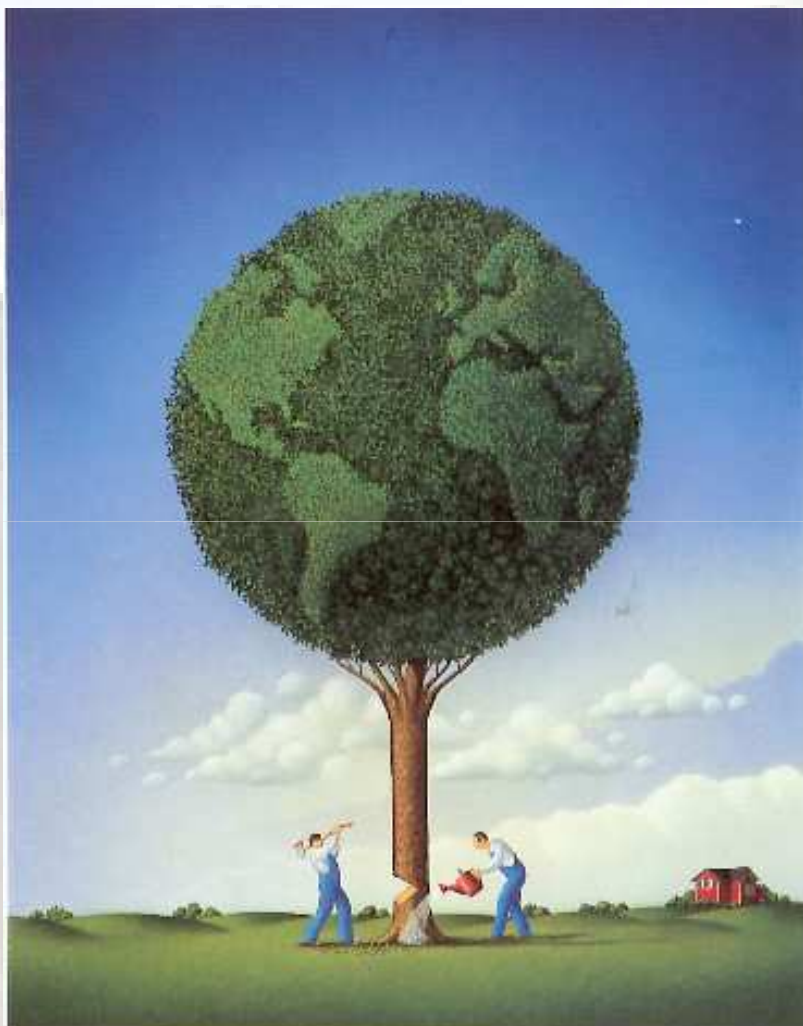


Workshop F - INNOVAZIONE - ECO-DESIGN - IMPRESE



Ecodesign, integrare economia ed ecologia nel ciclo di vita dei prodotti

Alessandro Santini

Dipartimento di Chimica Industriale e dei Materiali
Università di Bologna
Polo Scientifico Didattico di Rimini
via dei Mille 39, 47900 Rimini (RN), Italy

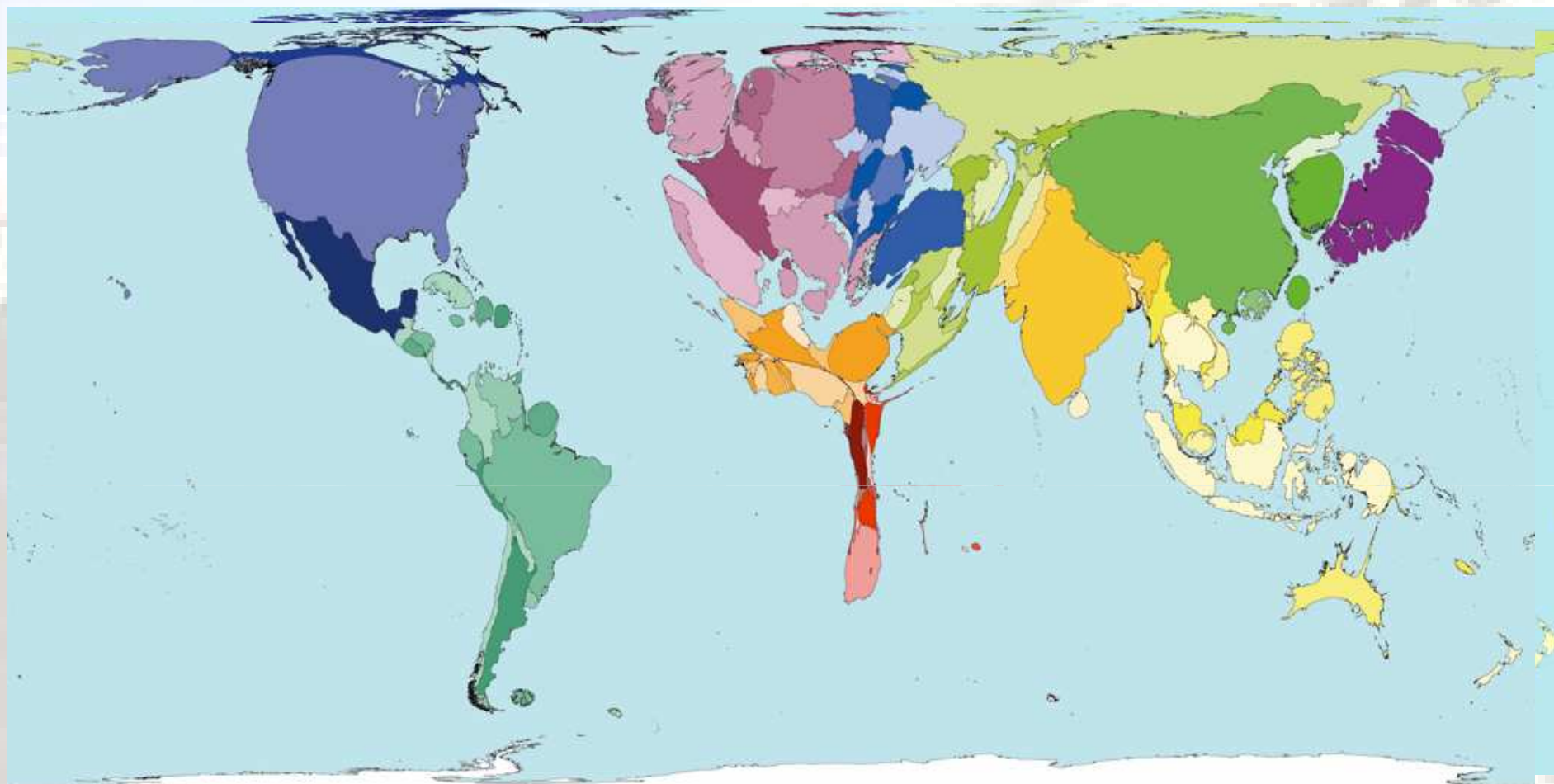


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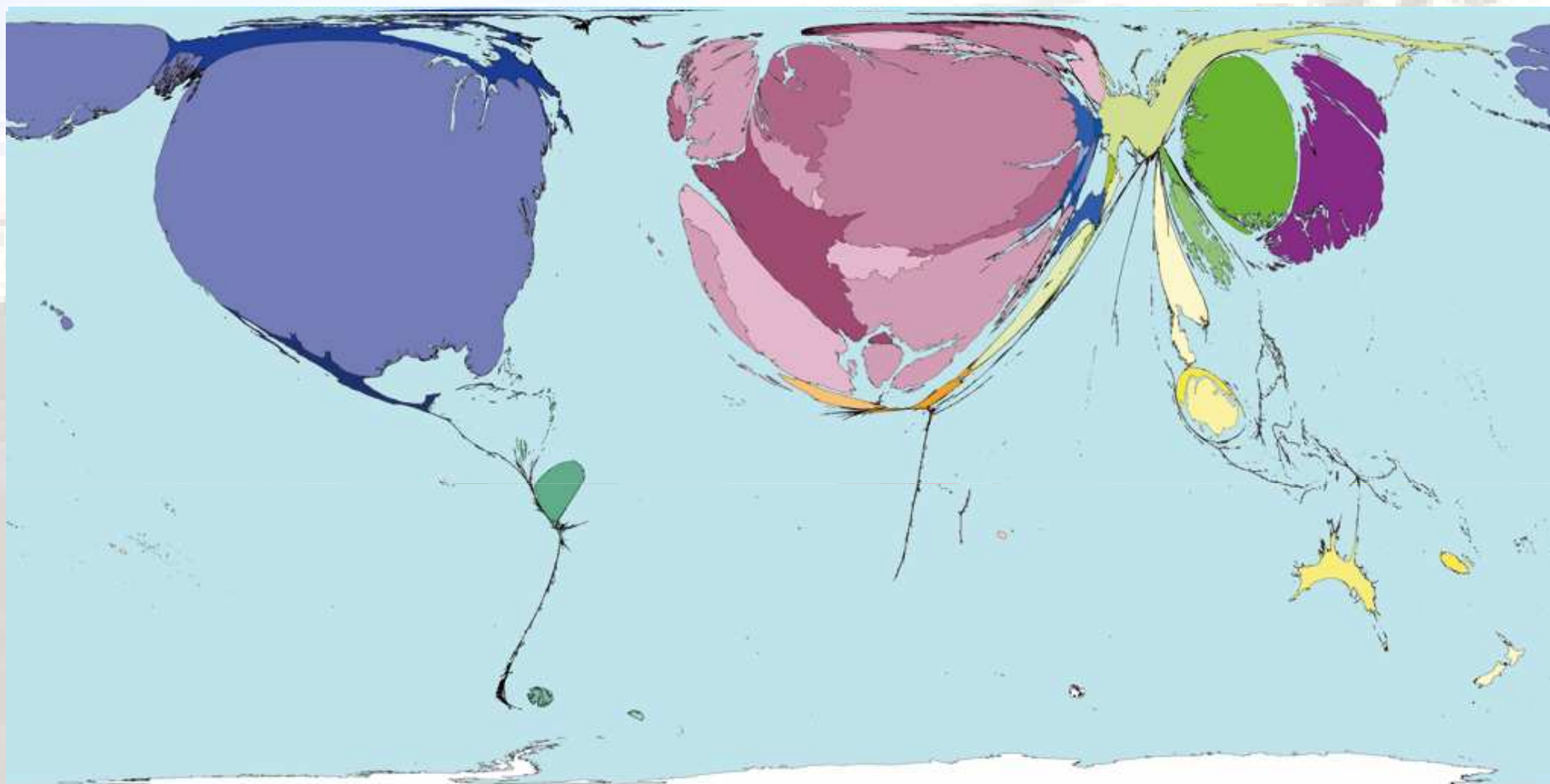
Fonte: www.worldmapper.org



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Fonte: www.worldmapper.org



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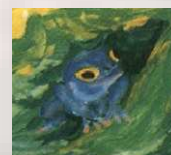
HOW LONG WILL IT LAST?



Source: New Scientist, 26 May 2007. David Cohen, "Earth's natural wealth: an audit"

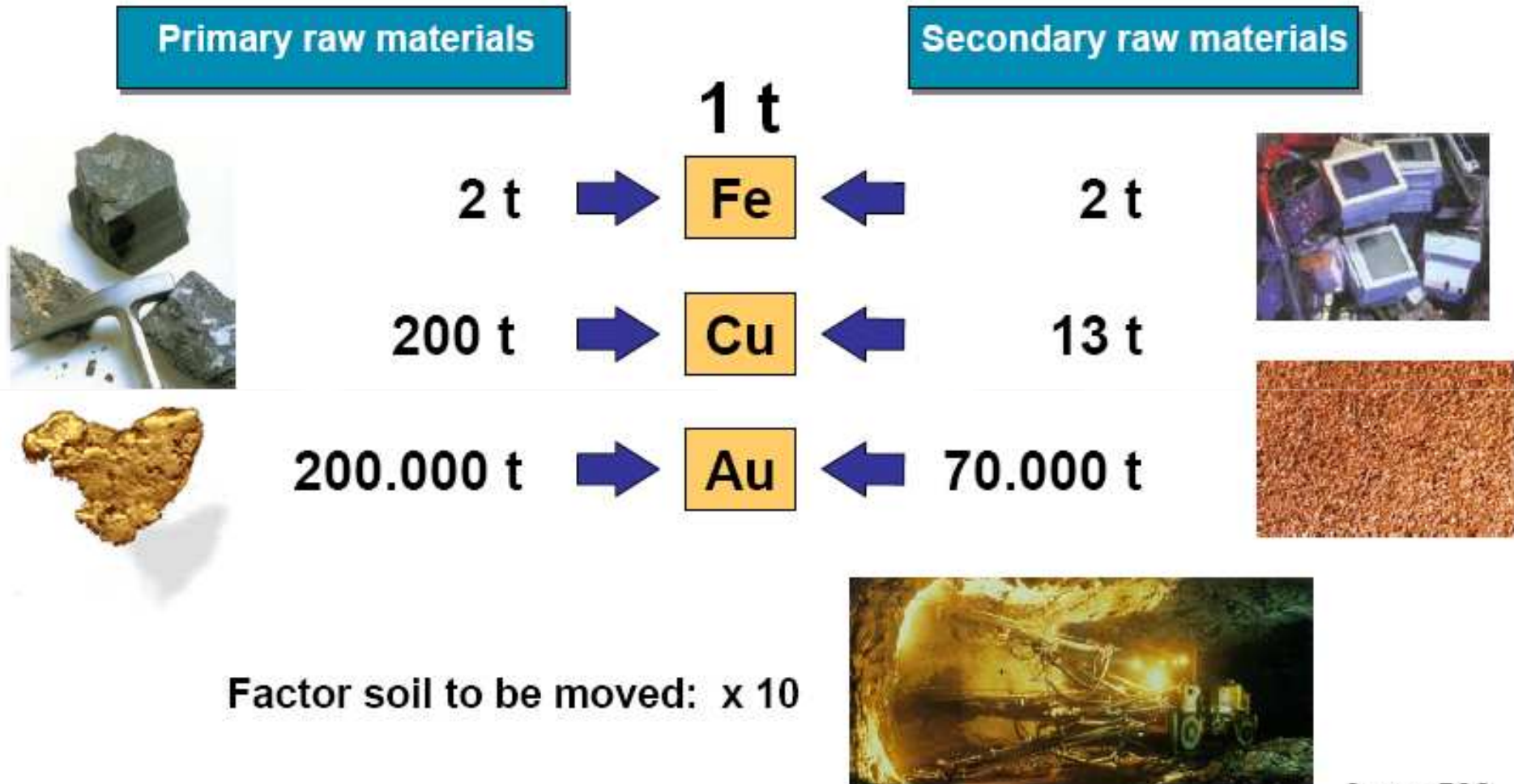


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WEEE can be a a cost efficient source for raw materials



Source: ECG



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Industrial ecology is the shifting of industrial process from linear (open loop) systems, in which resource and capital investments move through the system to become waste, to a closed loop system where wastes become inputs for new processes.



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Industrial ecology elements

Material flow analysis

To map and quantify the flow of materials through the supply chain

Life cycle assessment

Considers the entire set of environmental impacts that occurs at each stage of industrial development

Industrial symbiosis

Where one facility's waste (energy, water, materials) become another facility's feedstock

Design for Environment

- Reduce materials, energy and toxicity
- Enhance recyclability and product life
- Maximize renewables use

Policy approaches

- Extended product responsibility
- Environmental certification
- Product to services
- Risk analysis

Government perspective

Environmental assessment of system choices:

Optimization of waste management systems

-Recycling of materials?

-Paper (should it be burned?)

-Glass (recycling worth the effort?)

-Organic waste (incineration, composting, gasification?)

-...

Energy systems (e.g. Biofuels)

Packaging systems (bottle or cans for beer packaging?)



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Industry perspective

Product development

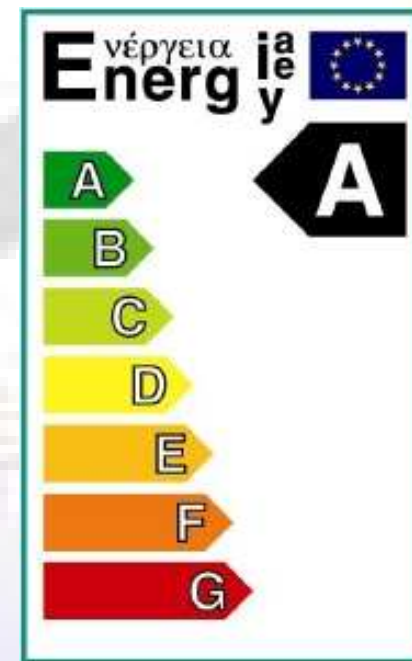
- Identification of hot spots
- Integration of environmental considerations

Marketing

- ecolabels
- environmental declarations, documentation

Environmental management system

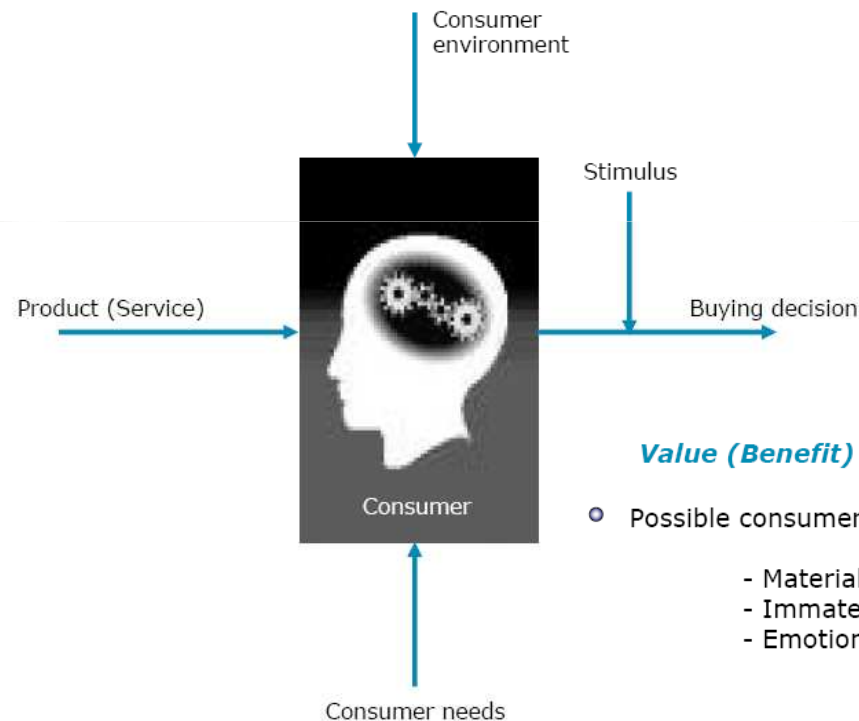
- LC perspective in management



Citizen perspective

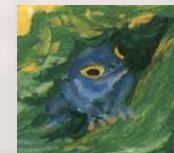
Green consumer behavior

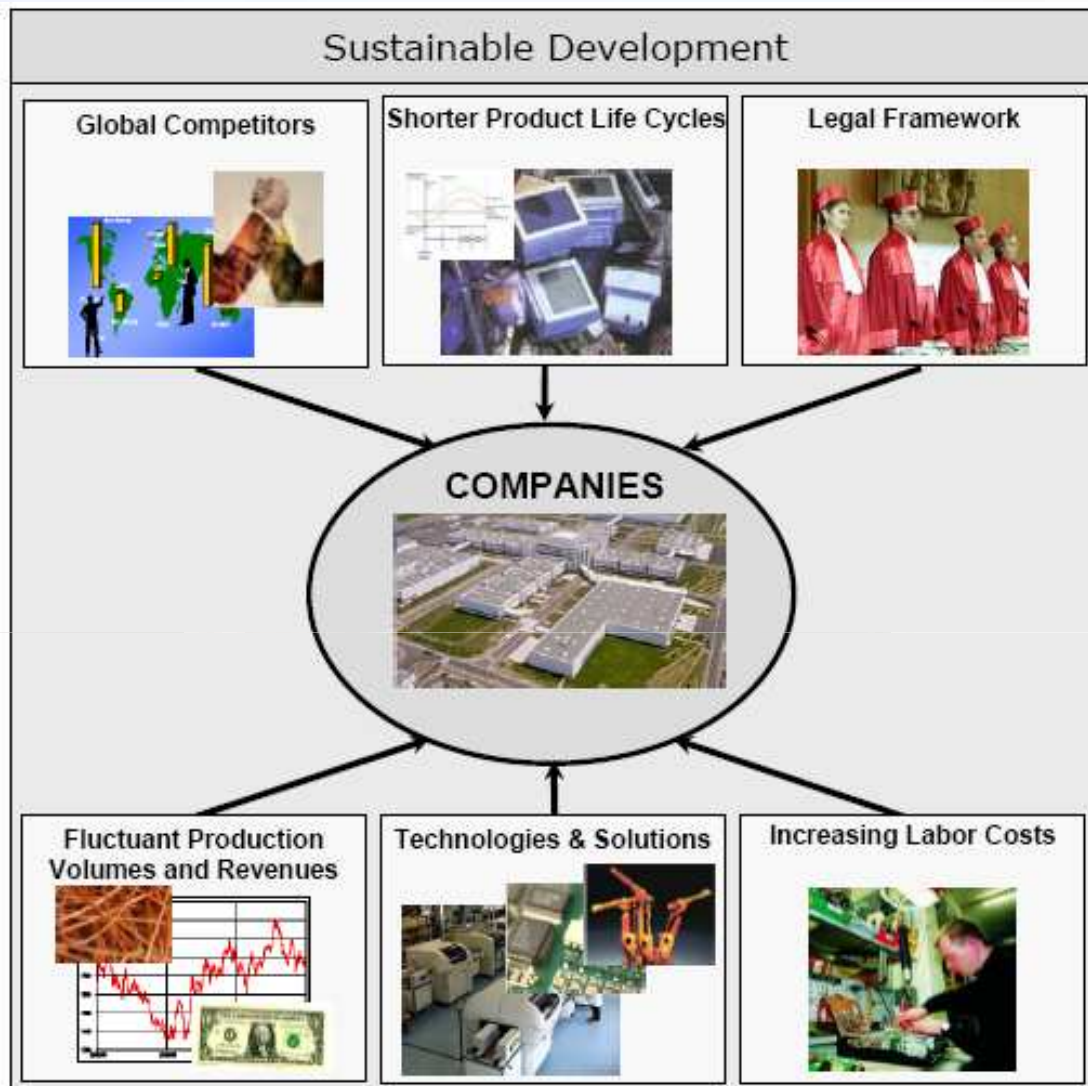
- What is the environmental impact of the product?
- Which product has the lowest impact?
- Which solution has the lowest impact? Dishwashing by hand or by dishwasher?



Value (Benefit) to the consumer is the key.

- Possible consumer benefits from ecoproducts:
 - Material benefit : lower Price, lower cost of ownership
 - Immaterial: convenience, fun
 - Emotional: feel good, quality of life, less fear.



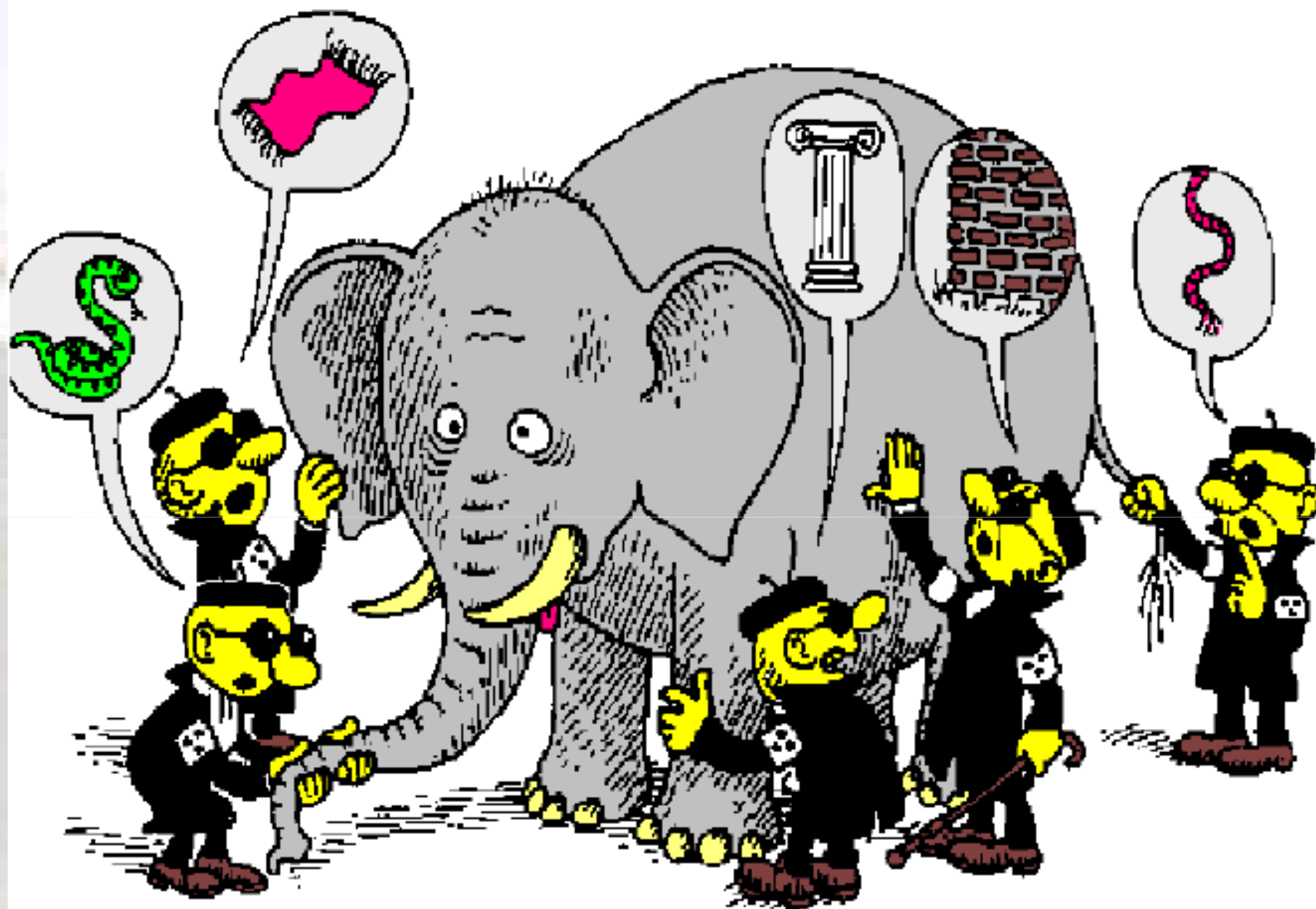


BACKGROUND

- > Companies face new challenges and have to cope with new challenges, risks, uncertainties, and changes concerning:
 - > globalized market conditions,
 - > Social and legal framework,
 - > new technologies and
 - > different and changing requirements during the product life cycle.

- > The consideration and integration of economic, ecological, and social requirements, the development of innovative products and services, and the comprehensive usage of available knowledge are core factors for business success and sustainable development.





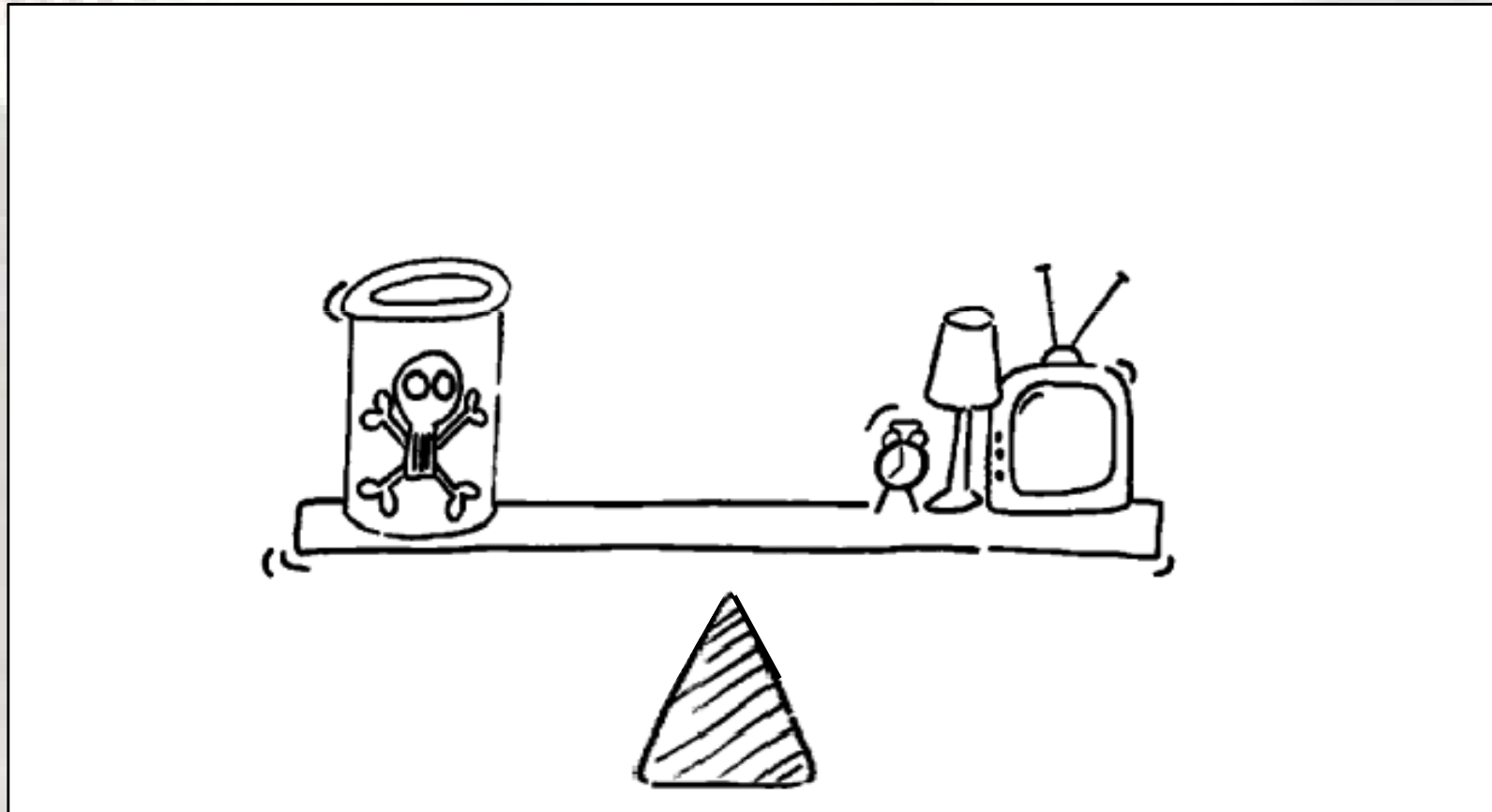
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ECODESIGN is:

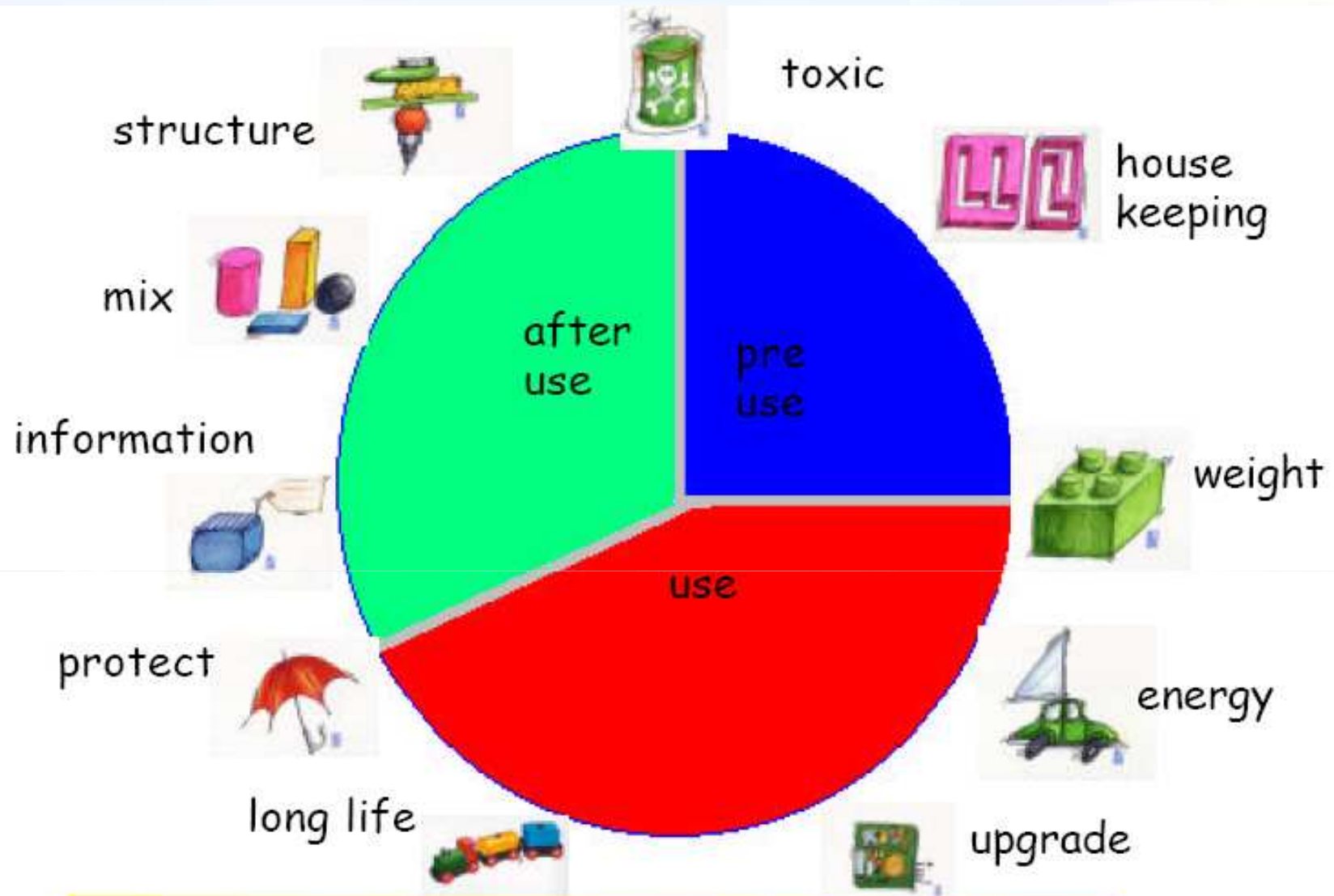
“the integration of environmental aspects into the product development process, by balancing ecological and economic requirements during its whole lifecycle”



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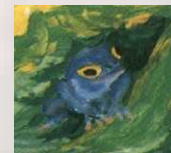


© Luttropp & Lagerstedt, Machine Design, KTH, Sweden [1]

10 Golden DFE Rules



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1

Don't use TOXIC substances and arrange closed loops for necessary but toxic ones.

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2

Minimise energy and resource consumption in production phase and transport through HOUSEKEEPING.

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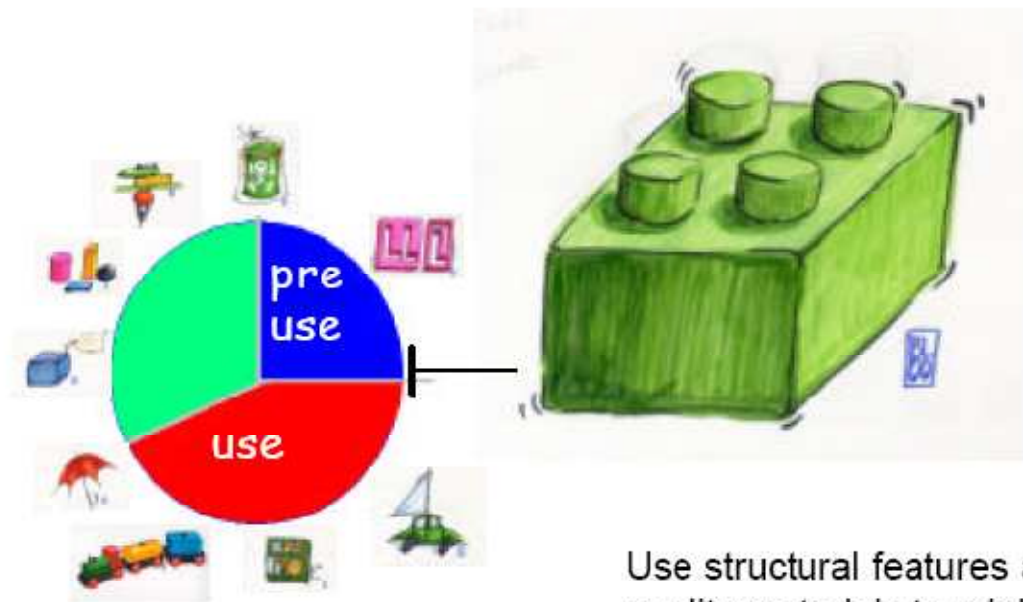
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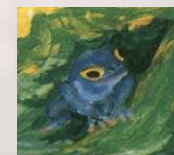
Use structural features and high quality materials to minimise WEIGHT ..in products...if not interfering with necessary flexibility, impact strength or functional priorities.

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MINIMISE energy and resource consumption in the usage phase, especially for products with most significant aspects in the usage phase.



4

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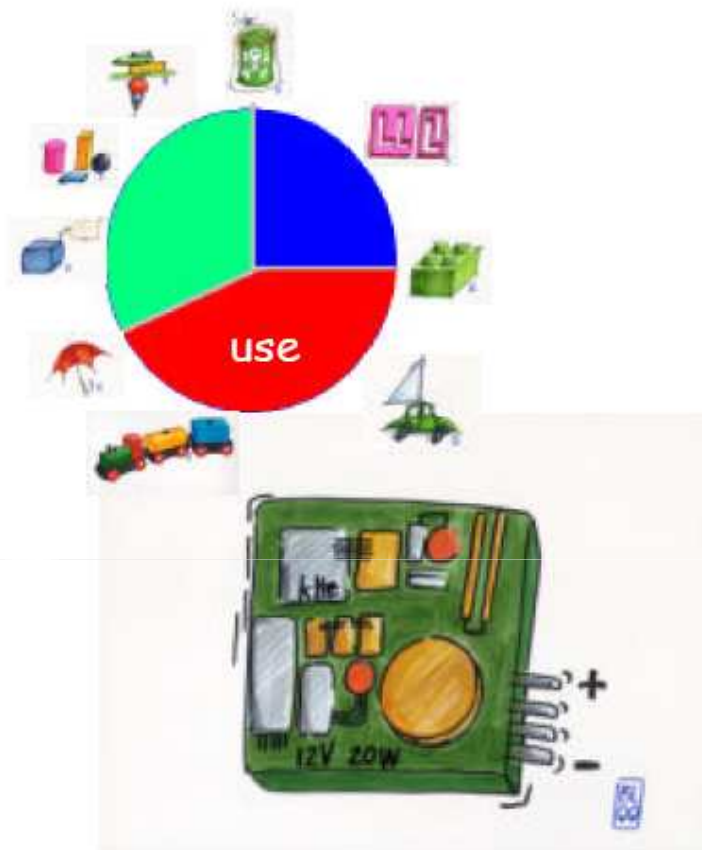
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Promote repair and upgrading, especially for SYSTEM dependent products

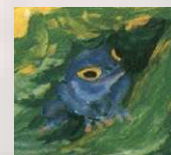
5

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Promote LONG LIFE for products..... especially for products with most significant environmental aspects OUT of usage phase.



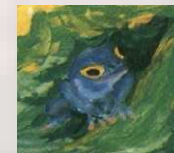
6



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Invest in better materials, surface treatments or structural arrangements to PROTECT products for dirt, corrosion and wear, giving long life and minimised maintenance.



7

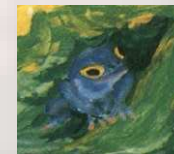


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PREARRANGE upgrading, repair and recycling through access ability, labelling, modules, breaking points, manuals.

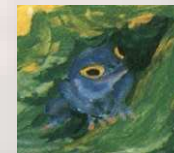
8



© Luttropp & Lagerstedt, Machine Design, KTH, Sweden [16] 10 Golden DFE Rules



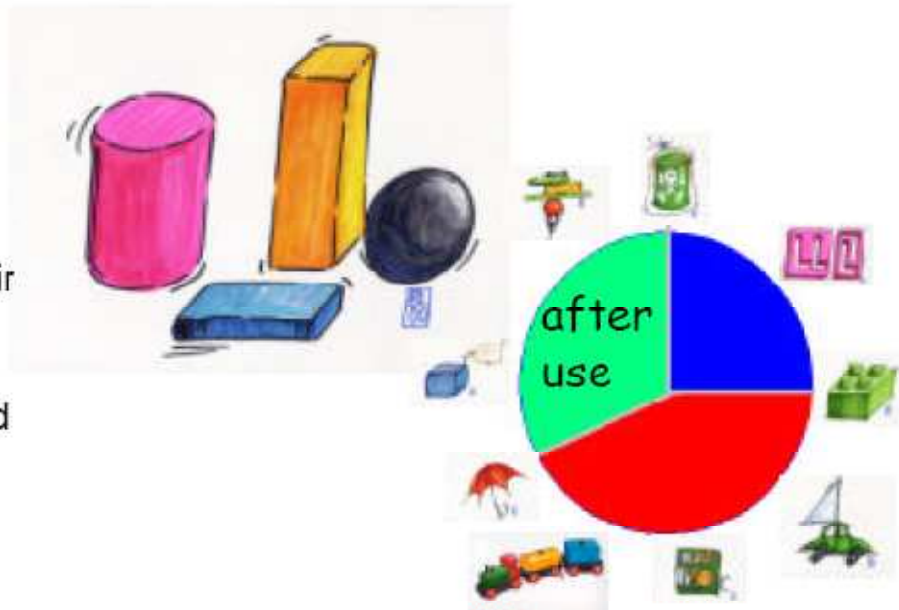
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9

Promote upgrading, repair and recycling by using few, SIMPLE, recycled, not blended materials and no alloys.



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10 Golden DFE Rules



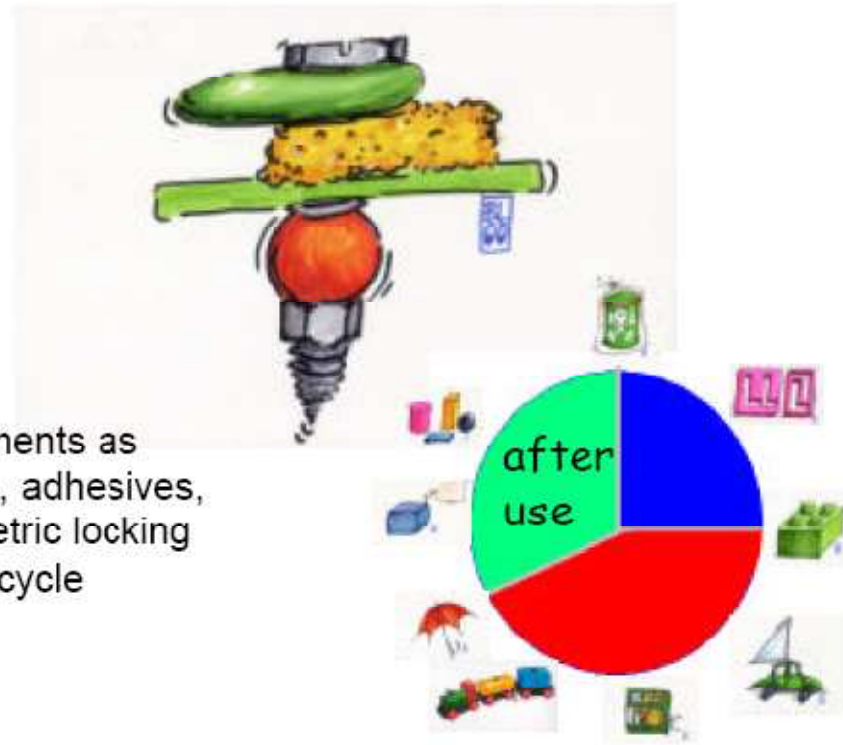
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10

Use as FEW joining elements as possible and use screws, adhesives, welding, snap fits, geometric locking etc. according to the life cycle scenario.

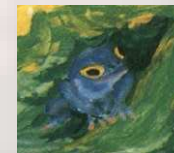


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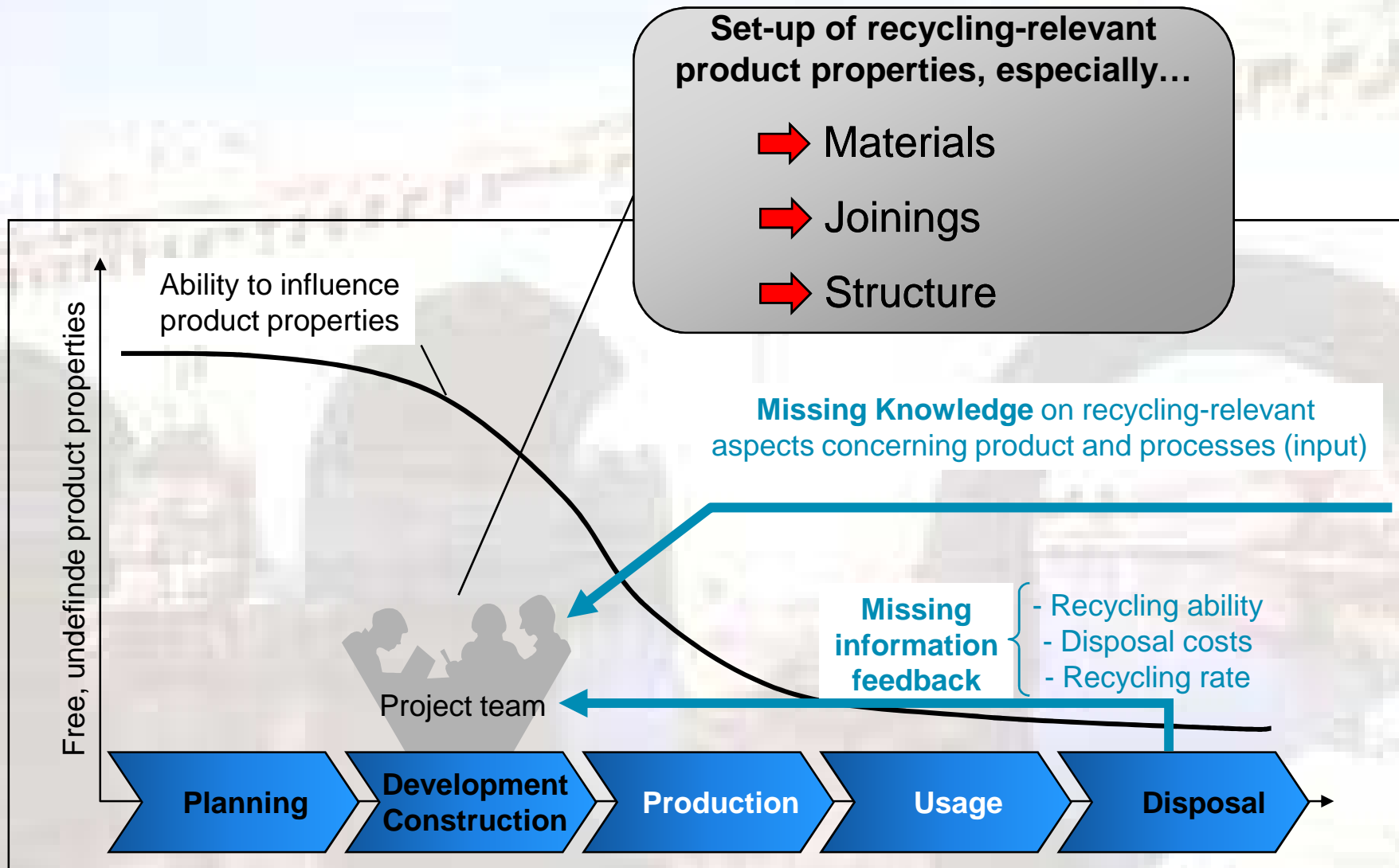
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[source: Hesselbach, Kühn, 1998]

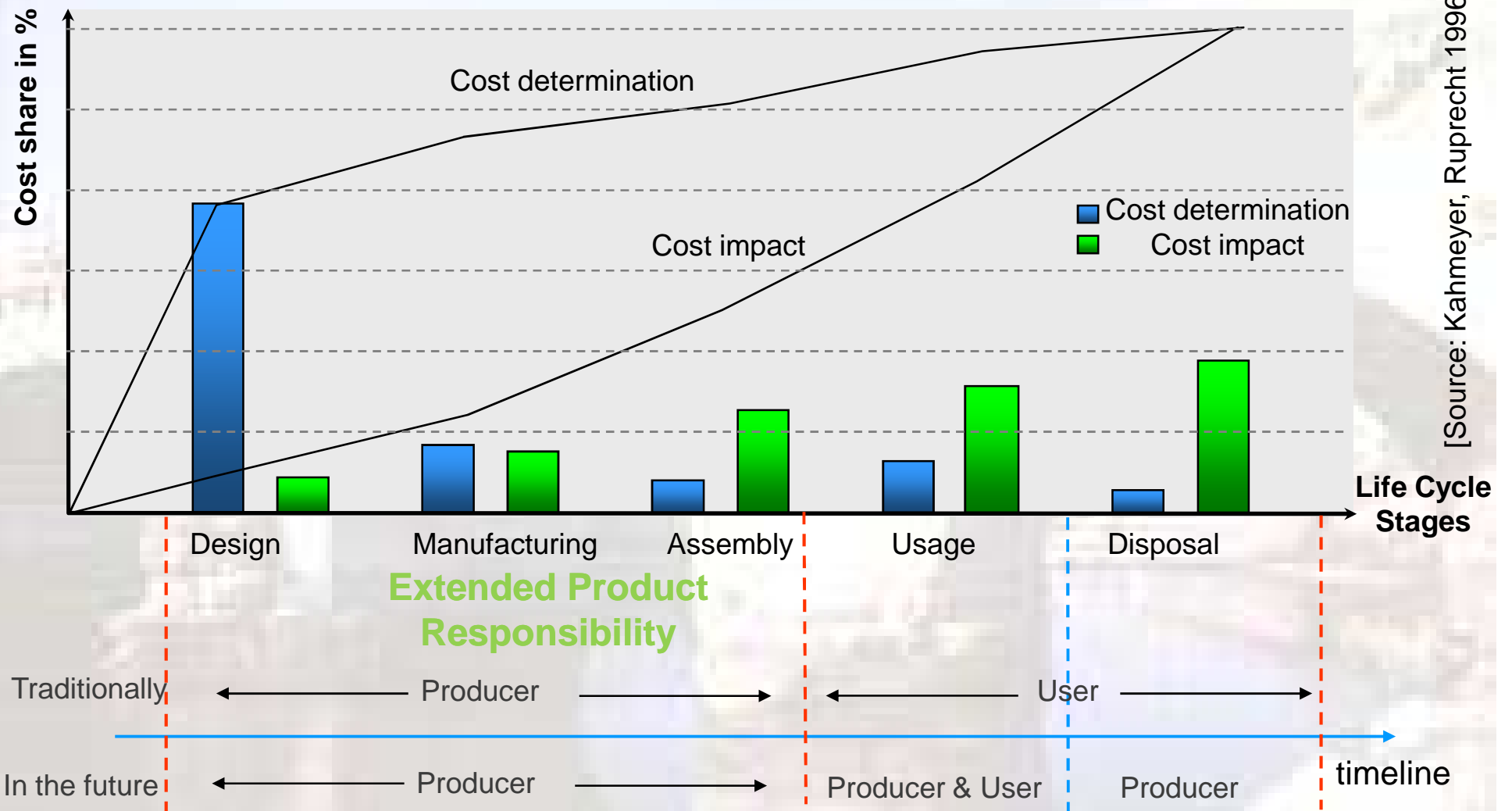


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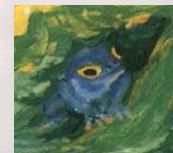
[Source: Kahmeyer, Ruprecht 1996]



“The concept of Extended Product Responsibility (ERP) imposes to the manufacturers the responsibility for the environmental impact and performances of their product during its later life cycle stages [OECD].”



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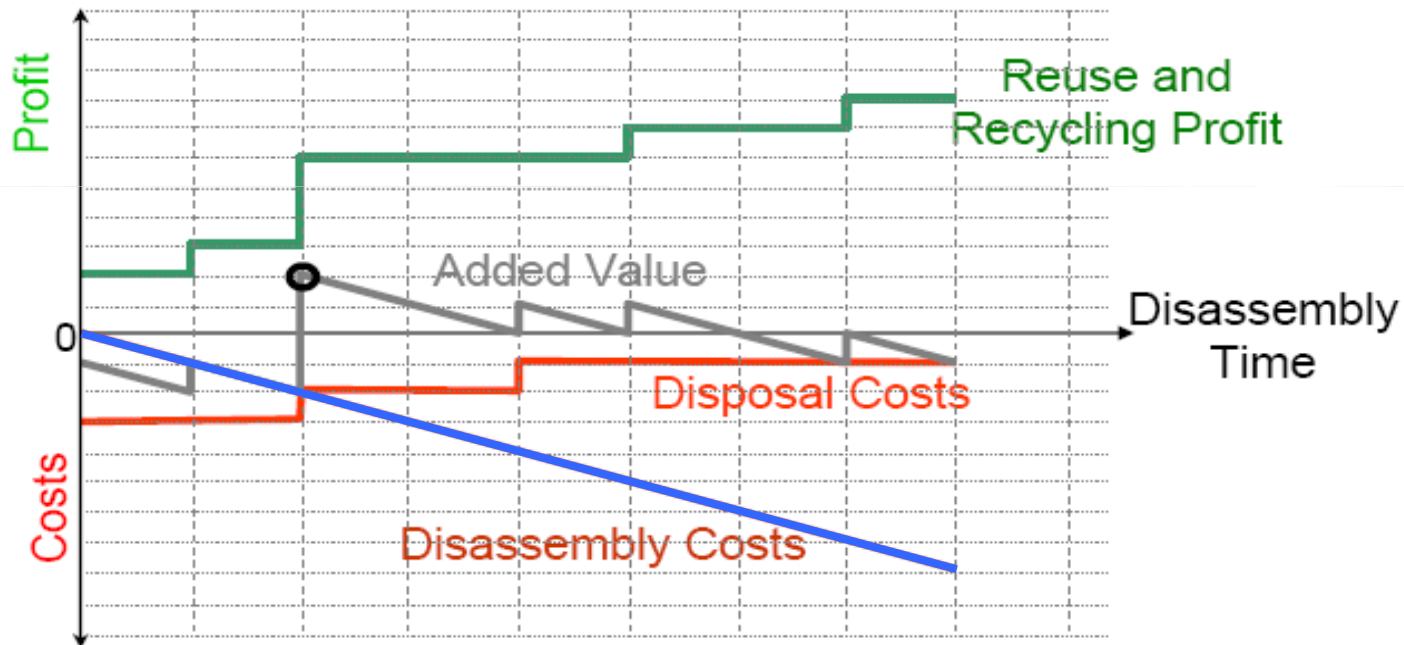
End-of-Life Cost

$$= C_{\text{Disassembly}} + C_{\text{Disposal}} - P_{\text{Recycle}}$$

$C_{\text{Disassembly}}$ Labor cost for disassembling the component

C_{Disposal} Cost for possible normal or hazardous wastes of the component

P_{Recycle} Profit of reusing or recycling the component



[source: Meißner et al., 1999, mod.]



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ProdTect Automotive

- ▶ an effective simulation tool
 - calculation of ISO 22628 performance during designing phase
 - cost effective simulation of various models
 - gives clear indications for improvement
- ▶ fully integrated into virtual product design
- ▶ substitutes physical dismantling of prototypes
 - for parts
 - for the model



www.prodtect.com



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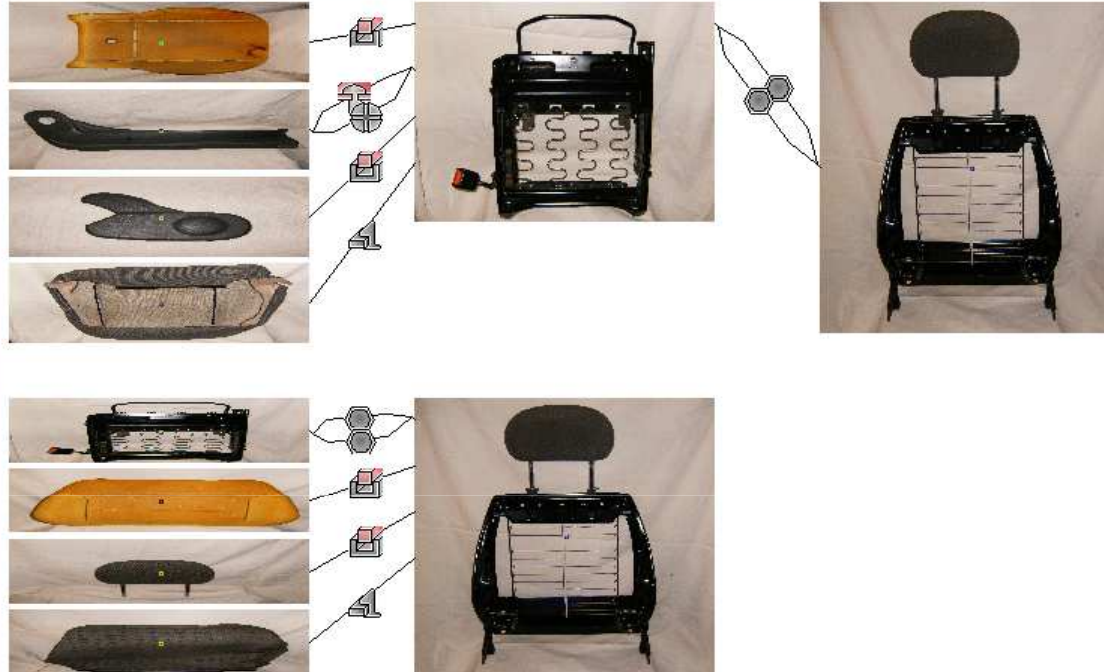
Explorer [Car seat]

Structure view

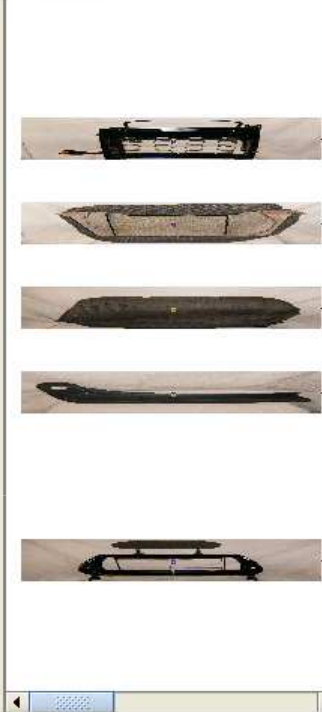
- Car seat
 - Seat chassis + screws
 - Backrest chassis
 - PUR seat
 - PUR backrest
 - Textile seat
 - Textile backrest
 - Plastic cover dx + plastic hub
 - Plastic cover sx
 - Headrest

Product Structure

Joining Techniques



Priorities



Seat chassis + screws

Materials	Weight	%	VDA Class	Application code	Hazardous Marking	Plastic Marking	Recycled Plastic con...
Steel and iron materials	7.939 g						

Shape

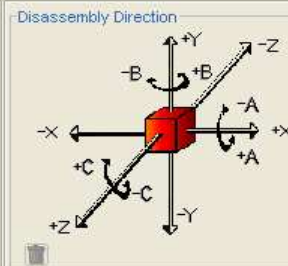
Size

 mm

Accessibility

Part Type

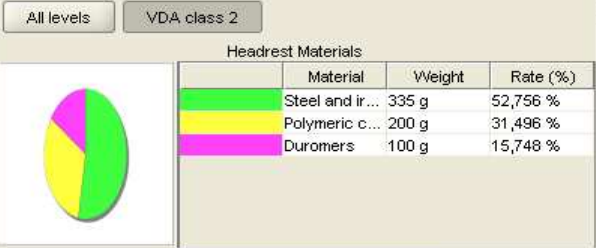
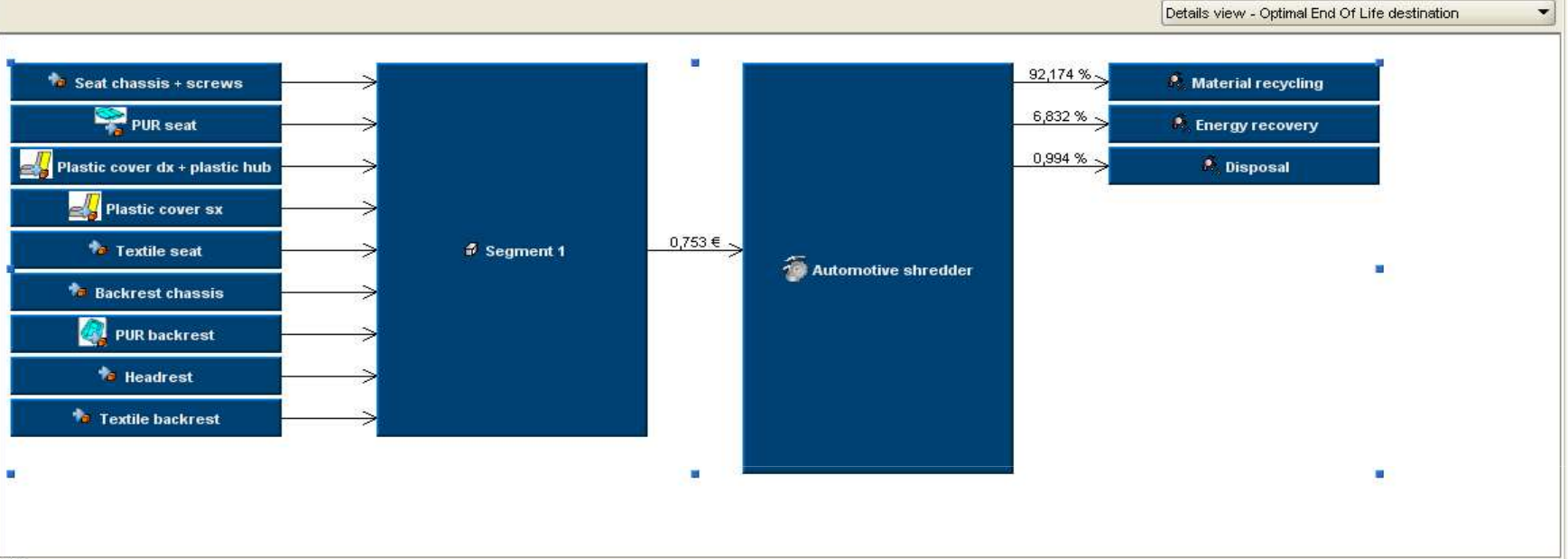
No type defined



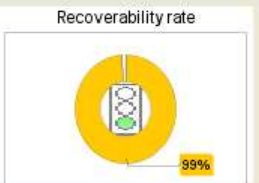
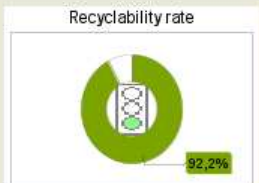
Properties

Profile: ISO 22628 Simplified Ale 2 | Scenario: Cost Optimization x Profile: ISO 22628 Simplified Ale 2 | Scenario: Rate Optimization x

- Product View
- Seat chassis
 - Backrest che
 - PUR seat
 - PUR backres
 - Textile seat
 - Textile backr
 - Plastic cover
 - Plastic cover
 - Headrest



- Summary
- Material Flow Summary
 - Disassembly time and cost
 - End of life destination
 - End of life value
 - Disassembly sequence
 - Calculation parameters



	Mass (Kg)	Mass %	Destination	Recyclabilit...	Recoverabil...	Waste disp...
mP	0 kg	0 %	Reusable...			
mD	0 kg	0 %	Reusable...			
mM	12,674 kg	78,716 %	Recyclable			
mTR	2,167 kg	13,459 %	Recyclabl...	92,174 %		
mTE	1,1 kg	6,832 %	Recovers...		99,006 %	
Residue	0,16 kg	0,994 %	Waste dis...			0,994 %

Disassembly time

$$= T_{\text{Supply}} + T_{\text{Standard}} + T_{\text{Transition}} + T_{\text{Taking-off}}$$

T_{supply}
 T_{standard}

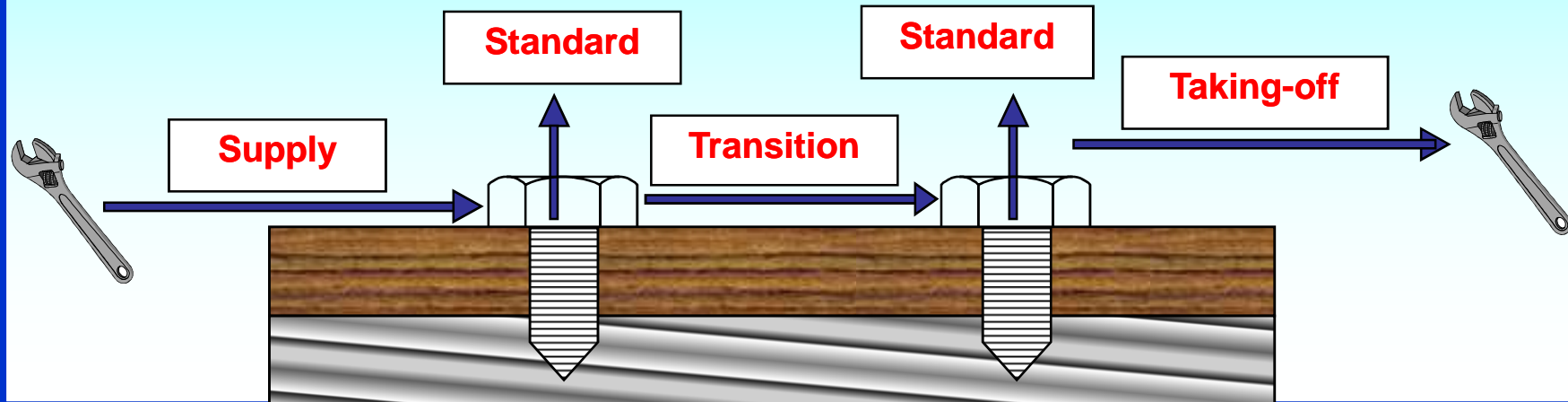
Time required to take and position the tool
Time required to disassemble a joining element

$T_{\text{Transition}}$

Time required to get to the next joining element

$T_{\text{Taking-off}}$

Time required to put the tool and part away



Summary

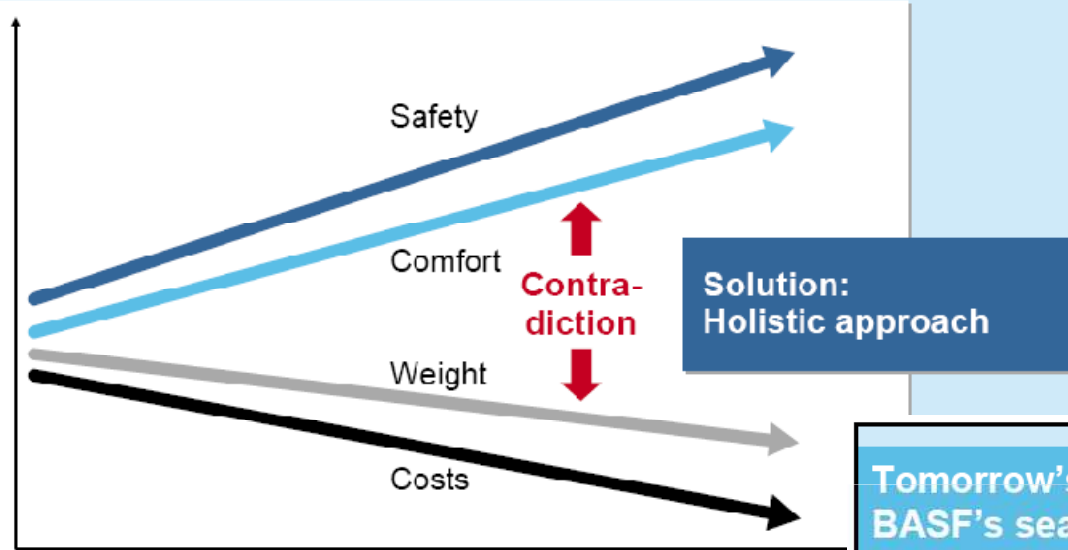
- Material Flow Summary
- Disassembly time and cost
- End of life destination
- End of life value
- Disassembly sequence**
- Calculation parameters

From part	To part	Joining	Tool	Disassembly time	Cumulated disassembl...	Resulting segment(s)
Seat chassis + scre...	Backrest chassis	Hexagon head s...	Screw-breaker f...	12,38 s	12,38 s	
		Hexagon head s...	Screw-breaker f...	12,685 s	25,066 s	
Textile backrest	PUR backrest	Distort	Diagonal cutting ...	21,852 s	46,918 s	
Textile backrest	Backrest chassis	Form A	Chisel & hammer	11,916 s	58,834 s	Segment 7
Plastic cover sx	Seat chassis + scre...	Insert	Without tool	2,52 s	61,354 s	Segment 8
Headrest	Backrest chassis	Insert	Without tool	2,52 s	63,874 s	Segment 9
PUR backrest	Backrest chassis	Insert	Without tool	2,52 s	66,394 s	Segment 2; Segm...
Plastic cover dx + pl...	Seat chassis + scre...	Pivot riveted con...	Bot cutter	6,012 s	72,406 s	Segment 5
		Phillips screw	Screw-breaker f...	8,802 s	81,208 s	
Textile seat	PUR seat	Distort	Diagonal cutting ...	84,852 s	166,06 s	
Textile seat	Seat chassis + scre...	Form A	Chisel & hammer	15,084 s	181,144 s	Segment 6
PUR seat	Seat chassis + scre...	Insert	Without tool	2,52 s	183,664 s	Segment 1; Segm...

done.

Tomorrow's car seat: Requirements

BASF Plastics
key to your success



Tomorrow's car seat: BASF's seat-related products

BASF Plastics
key to your success



Leather and fabric finish

Lurapret®
Lugafast®
Steron®



Structures

Ultramid®
Backrest

Seat shell



Terluran®



Lumbar support



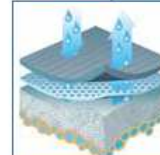
Covers

Elastollan®
Terblend® N



Foams

Elastoflex®
Neopolen® P



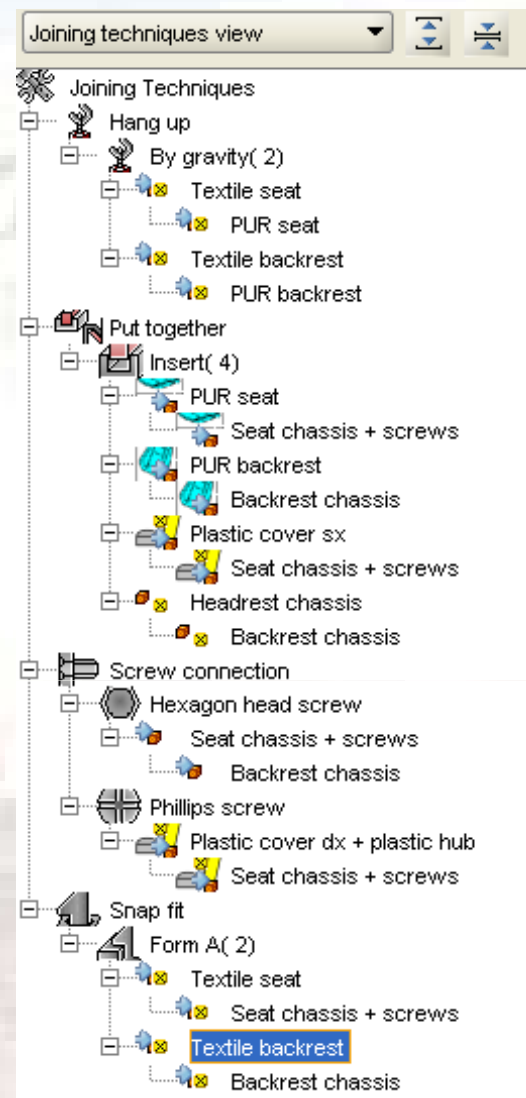
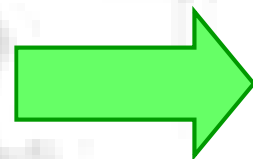
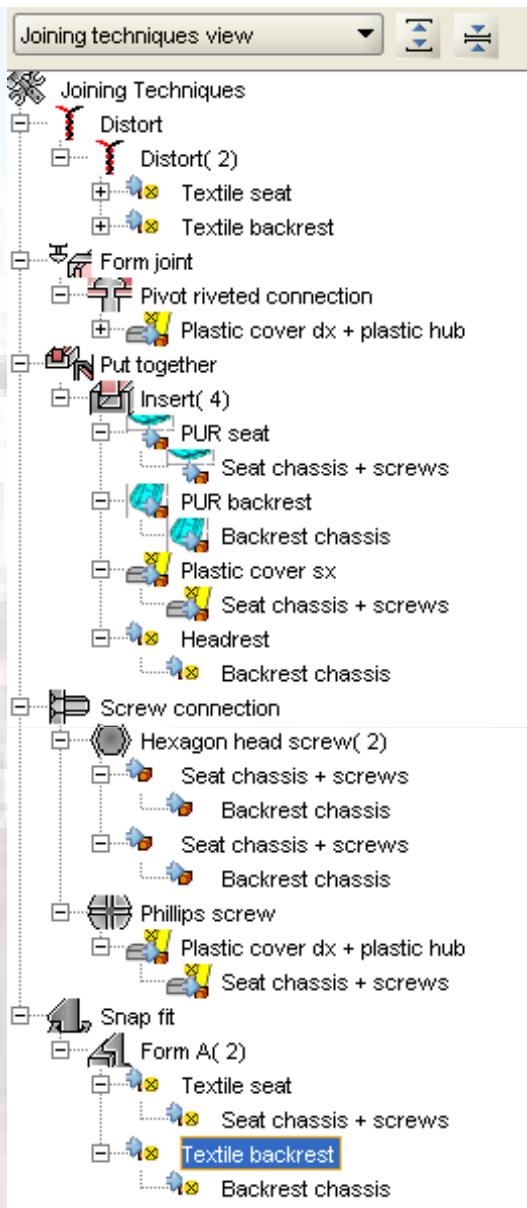
Humidity control

Luquafleece®
Super-absorber



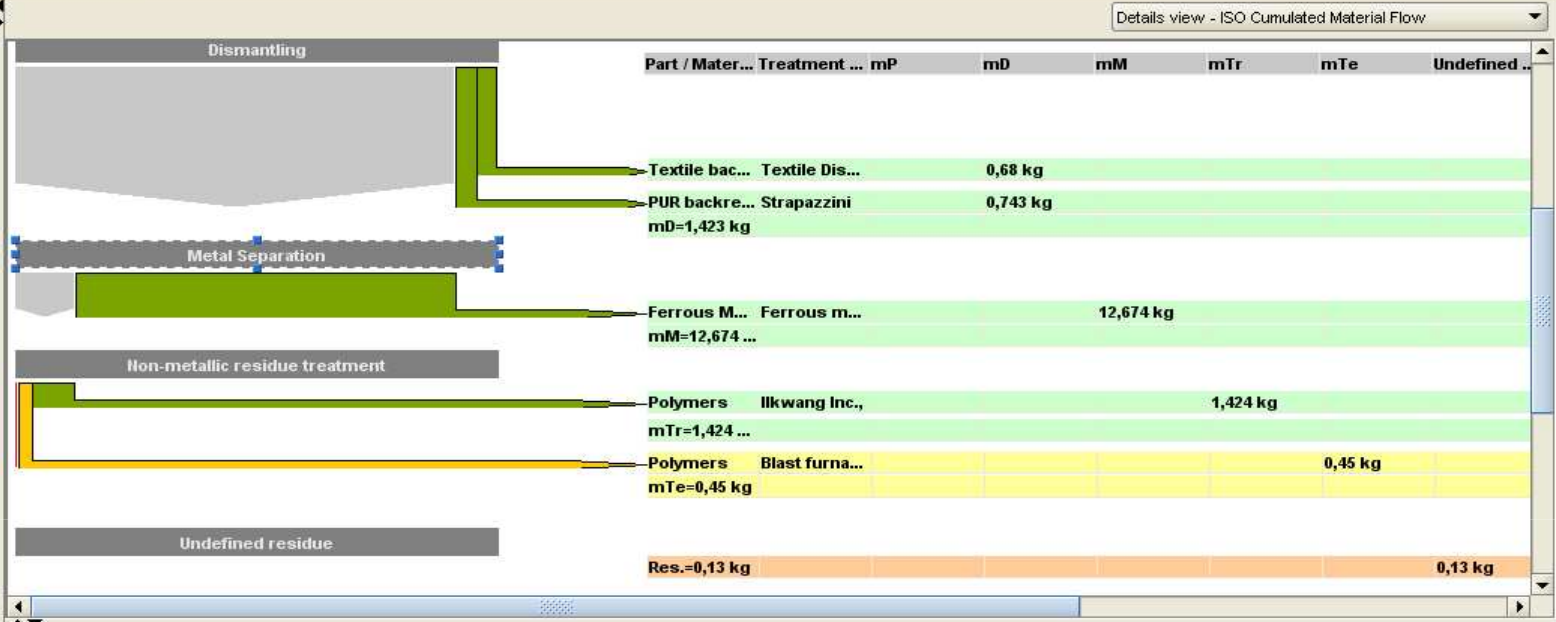
Functional parts

Ultraform®
Belt lock

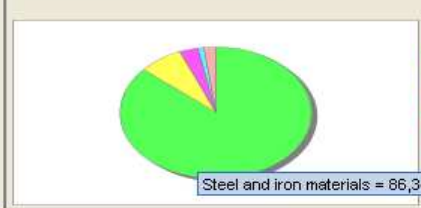




- Product View
- Seat chassis + screws
- Backrest chassis
- PUR seat
- PUR backrest
- Textile seat
- Textile backrest
- Plastic cover dx + plastic hub
- Plastic cover sx
- Headrest chassis

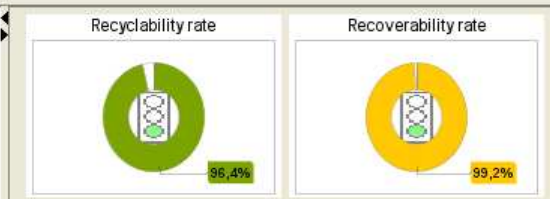


All levels VDA class 2



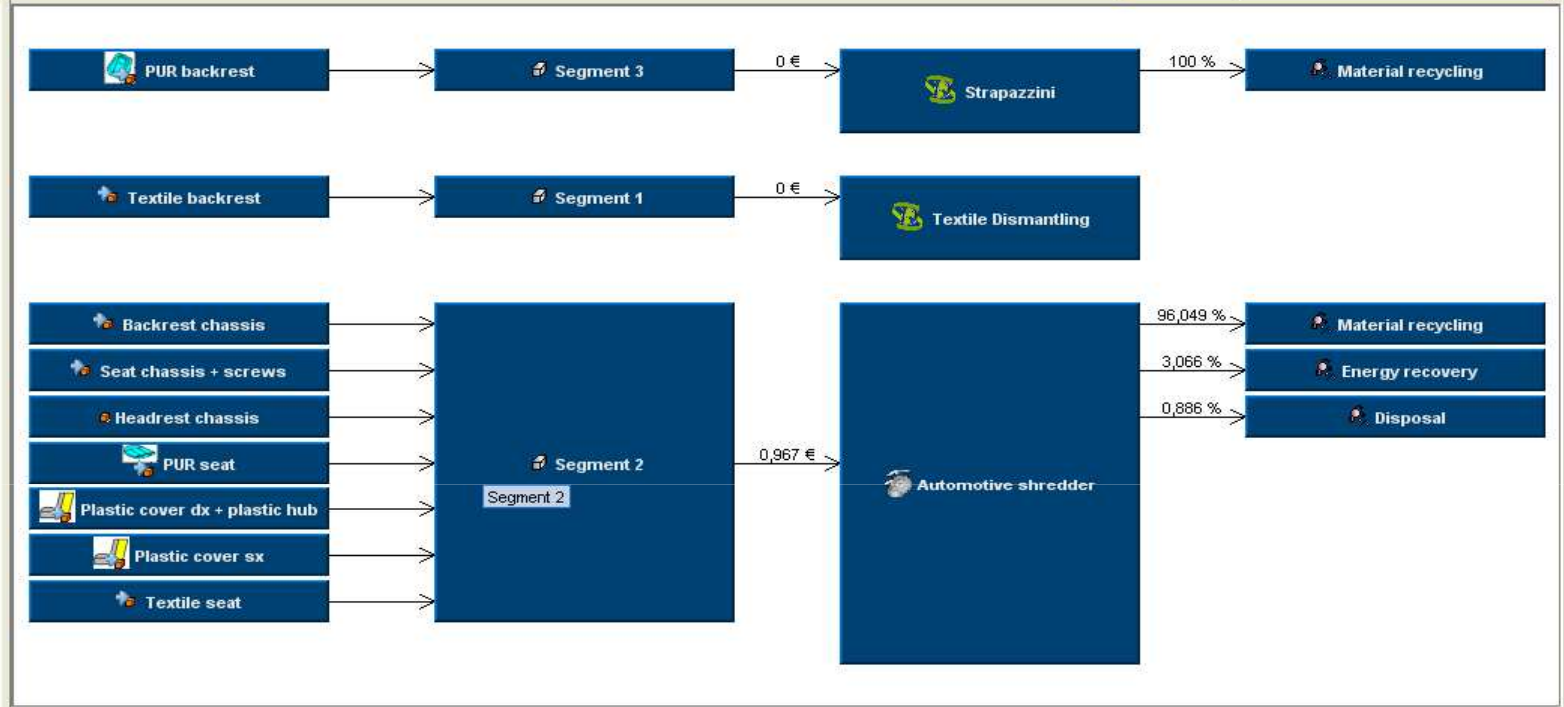
Material	Weight	Rate (%)
Steel and iron materials	12.674 g	86,347 %
>PUR<	1.120 g	7,63 %
Textiles	450 g	3,066 %
Plastics	130 g	0,886 %
>PP<	304 g	2,071 %

- Summary
- Material Flow Summary
- Disassembly time and cost
- End of life destination
- End of life value
- Disassembly sequence
- Calculation parameters



	Mass (Kg)	Mass %	Destination	Recyclabilit...	Recoverabil...	Waste disp...
mP	0 kg	0 %	Reusable...			
mD	1,423 kg	8,838 %	Reusable...			
mM	12,674 kg	78,716 %	Recyclable			
mTR	1,424 kg	8,844 %	Recyclabl...	96,398 %		
mTE	0,45 kg	2,795 %	Recovers...		99,193 %	
Residue	0,13 kg	0,807 %	Waste dis...			0,807 %

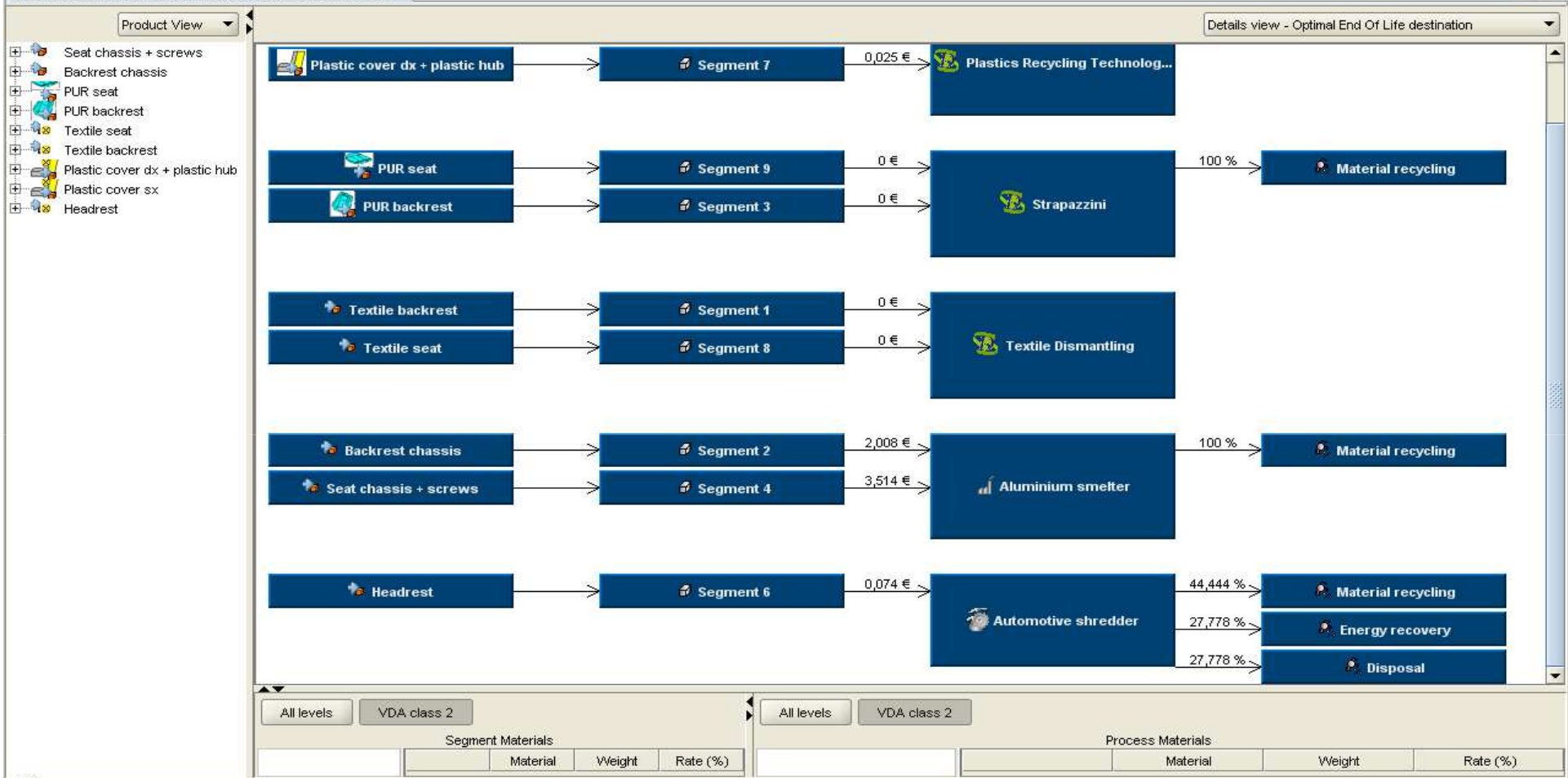
- Seat chassis + screws
- Backrest chassis
- PUR seat
- PUR backrest
- Textile seat
- Textile backrest
- Plastic cover dx + plastic hub
- Plastic cover sx
- Headrest chassis



Segment Materials				Process Materials			
	Material	Weight	Rate (%)		Material	Weight	Rate (%)

- Summary
- Material Flow Summary
- Disassembly time and cost
- End of life destination
- End of life value
- Disassembly sequence
- Calculation parameters

From part	To part	Joining	Tool	Disassembly time	Cumulated disassembl...	Resulting segment(s)
Textile backrest	PUR backrest	By gravity	Without tool	2,628 s	2,628 s	
Textile backrest	Backrest chassis	Form A	Chisel & hammer	11,916 s	14,544 s	Segment 1
PUR backrest	Backrest chassis	Insert	Without tool	2,52 s	17,064 s	Segment 2, Segm...



Segment Materials				Process Materials			
	Material	Weight	Rate (%)		Material	Weight	Rate (%)

	From part	To part	Joining	Tool	Disassembly time	Cumulated disassembl...	Resulting segment(s)
	Textile backrest	Backrest chassis	Form A	Without tool	3,564 s	28,848 s	Segment 1
	Plastic cover sx	Seat chassis + scre...	Insert	Without tool	2,52 s	31,368 s	Segment 5
	Headrest	Backrest chassis	Insert	Without tool	2,52 s	33,888 s	Segment 6
	PUR backrest	Backrest chassis	Insert	Without tool	2,52 s	36,408 s	Segment 2; Segm...
	Plastic cover dx + p...	Seat chassis + scre...	Phillips screw	Screw-breaker ...	15,228 s	51,636 s	Segment 7
	Textile seat	PUR seat	By gravity	Without tool	3,384 s	55,02 s	
	Textile seat	Seat chassis + scre...	Form A	Without tool	4,752 s	59,772 s	Segment 8
	PUR seat	Seat chassis + scre...	Insert	Without tool	2,52 s	62,292 s	Segment 4; Segm...

Gli Ecodesigner possono contribuire a rallentare il degrado dell'ambiente più degli economisti, dei politici, delle imprese e anche degli ambientalisti (...). Una volta che un certo modello di progettazione più sano dal punto di vista ambientale penetra nel mercato, i suoi effetti benefici si moltiplicano”.

Alastair Fuad Luke

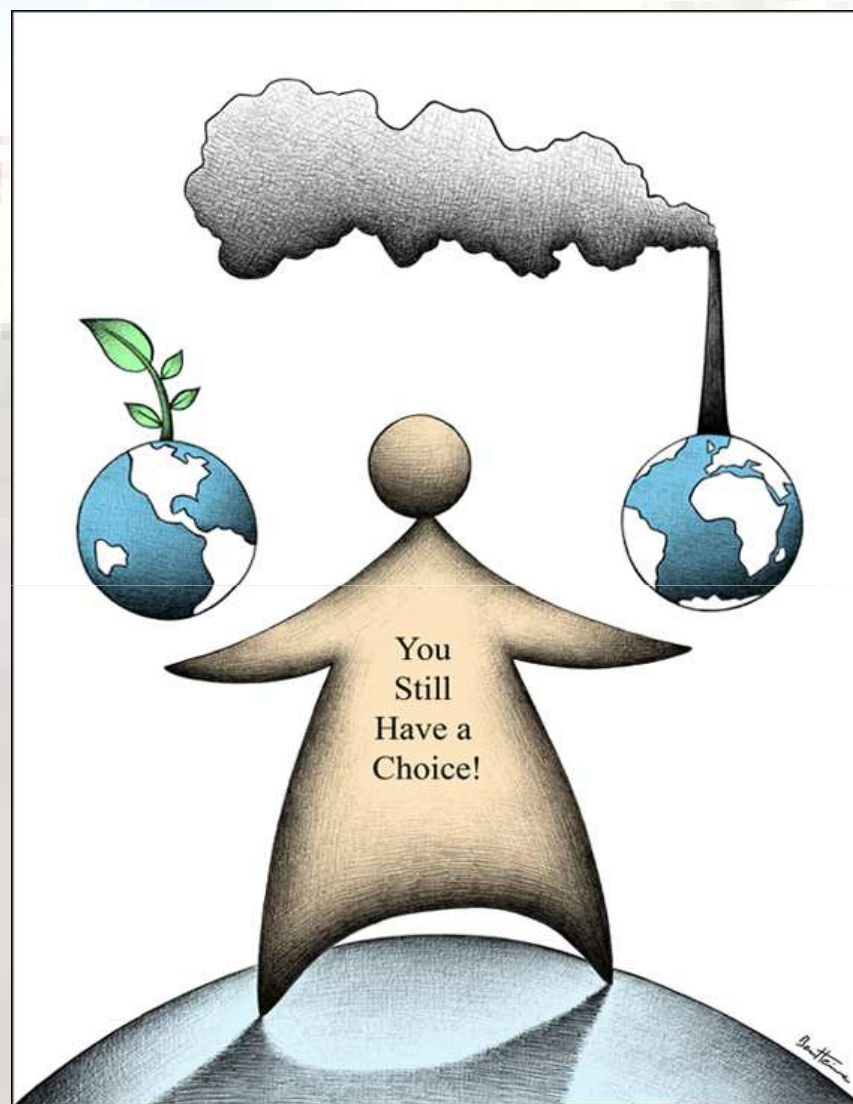


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The end



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